



The Schema Independence Charter

Enforced separation of schema custody from commercial activity

Version: v3

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Status: Internal canonical reference. Counterparty-disclosable. Whole-integer revision over v1.1 (28 May 2026), issued in connection with the group formation and for counterparty review.

Changes at v3: §7.6 extended with the transition-conflict discipline (fiduciary duties owed separately in each founder capacity until handover; conflicted decisions published per §6), the enforcement statement (breach of the adopted protections is an act outside the custodian's constitution, restrainable and actionable under company law; the published record cannot be unmade), and the cross-reference to the custodian's articles for appointment, removal, membership and interpretation. Changes at v2: §7.6 named the custodian company with custody vesting on completion of the formation sequence; §7.7 recorded the group implementation licence to Arkaya Risk (Holdings) Limited; the §8 instrument, announced at v1.1 and omitted from the issued document, was supplied; layer references adopted the four-layer economic model numbering. All other sections preserved verbatim.

Standing: Dependency for arkaya-brand-voice, arkaya-document-architecture, and the schema-neutrality discipline. The Taxonomy governs what the schema may contain; this Charter governs who decides and on what terms.

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Built to the Arkaya AI Production Standard. Locked formulations verbatim. Numbered references with substantive content. Sources authenticated. Page boundaries verified.

1. Purpose and standing

This Charter exists because a verification layer is worth precisely as much as its independence, and independence asserted is not independence enforced. Arkaya is building the evidence layer the insurance and capital markets price governance against. The moment the entity that stewards that layer can be shown to bend it for commercial reasons, the layer is worth nothing, and a serious counterparty will look for exactly that before relying on it.

The Taxonomy already carries three disciplinary rules. Primitives are observable, not declared. Primitives are not summed into a score. The Taxonomy owns no maturity band. Those rules govern what the schema may contain. They do not govern the institution that holds it: who may overrule a schema decision, what revenue is allowed to depend on one, and what is published when a schema decision is adverse to Arkaya. This Charter governs the institution. It is the structural counterpart to the content discipline, and it is written to be interrogated, not filed.

It is counterparty-disclosable by design. A private neutrality claim is the weakest kind. The test in Section 8 is the instrument a private equity or Lloyd's counterparty is invited to run against Arkaya directly.

2. The principle this Charter enforces

The repositioning locked the principle in three sentences:

Arkaya stewards the schema. Arkaya offers product design services on top. The schema decisions are not commercial decisions.

Three sentences are a position, not a defence. A position survives a first meeting; it does not survive due diligence. The failure mode it has to defeat is documented and structural, not hypothetical.

Auditing is the cautionary precedent, not because audit is a market Arkaya competes in, but because audit is what a governance verification layer becomes if it is not firewalled. The conflict between audit opinion and consulting fee was identified, then codified in statute through the auditor-independence provisions of Sarbanes-Oxley in 2002, after Enron and the dissolution of Arthur Andersen. The separation was written into law and still leaked: Andersen had already rebuilt a consulting arm, and the same structural conflict resurfaced at Wirecard, where a roughly €1.9bn cash gap was disclosed days after conventional governance certifications and Big Four audit sign-off [1][3]. Codification did not hold. Fee gravity did.

Credit ratings are the second precedent and the closer one, because the rating agency, like Arkaya, issues a reference the market prices against. The structural defect was the issuer-pays model and the ancillary services sold alongside the rating to the entity being rated. It was named by the Financial Crisis Inquiry Commission and addressed, incompletely, by Dodd-Frank in 2010; the random-assignment remedy that would have removed the conflict at its root was proposed and not implemented [2]. The instructive detail is that the regulator is barred from policing the substance of a rating. Only the structure can be governed. The same is true here. This Charter governs the structure.

3. What counts as a schema decision

A firewall is rhetoric unless the protected class is defined precisely enough to test. The following are schema decisions. They are made under Custodian authority and are outside commercial reach. Where this Charter says a schema decision may not be commercially overridden, it means each of these.

Inclusion or exclusion of an evidence primitive at any moment-sector cell of the Governance Evidence Taxonomy.

The verification mode attached to a primitive, and the requirement that primitives are observable, not declared.

Application of the no-score rule: that primitives are not summed, weighted or ranked into a single published number.

Resolution of any maturity-calibration field to an externally owned matrix or to an explicit occupancy-pending null, and the refusal to author an internal band.

Schema versioning: what changes between versions, what is deprecated, and the preservation of historical references across versions.

The schema properties at Layer 1: machine-readable, cryptographically verifiable, linked-data referenced, versioned, privacy-preserving, and format-deferred to the external bodies that govern those formats.

Pricing models, underwriting appetite, product design and engine implementation at Layer 0, and capital allocation at Layer 2, are not schema decisions. They sit downstream of the schema and may move freely. The line is the Layer 1 boundary, and it is the only line this Charter polices.

4. The override prohibition

No commercial counterparty and no commercial function inside Arkaya may overrule a schema decision. This is absolute and it is the operative clause of the Charter.

Engine partners hold no privileged schema access. The position is already locked in the architecture: the first reference engine has first-mover sequence advantage, not privileged schema access, and the engine is replaceable at the interface, not at the methodology. A reference engine implements the schema; it does not author it, and engine substitution preserves counterparty continuity by design. Voyager AI, as first reference engine, is bound by this clause exactly as any successor engine would be.

Carriers, pilot clients and product-design clients are counterparties to Arkaya's commercial activity. None of them, individually or in aggregate, can cause a primitive to be added, removed, softened or rescored. A client may decline to engage. A client may not move the schema. The distinction is the whole of the neutrality claim.

Inside Arkaya, schema decisions are the Custodian's. Commercial functions advise and are heard; they do not decide and cannot veto. The Custodian of the Custos Schema is the persistent authorial role. The Founding Assessor function is operational and time-bounded and is treated in Section 7.

5. The revenue ringfence

Schema custody is not a revenue line. There is no fee for inclusion, no priority path for a paying counterparty, no expedited primitive, and no commercial tier of the schema. Pay-to-include is the issuer-pays defect transposed, and it is prohibited here in the same terms the precedent makes unavoidable [2].

Custos™ is the reference implementation and Arkaya earns from product design services at Layer 0 and, during the bounded period, from assessment. Neither revenue stream may condition a Layer 1 decision. The model adopted is the auditor-independence model applied at its strongest reading: the function that earns from a counterparty does not get to shape the standard that same counterparty is measured against [1]. Where the precedent failed it failed by erosion, not by absence of the rule, which is why the rule here is paired with the publication discipline in Section 6 and the structural handover in Section 7. A rule that depends on the rule-holder's restraint is the rule that broke twice already.

6. Publication regardless of commercial consequence

Every schema decision, version change, disciplinary-rule application and occupancy-pending null is published to the public version record. Publication does not wait on, and is not conditioned by, the consequence to Arkaya, to an engine partner, to a product-design client or to any counterparty.

A schema decision that is commercially adverse to Arkaya is published on the same terms and the same timeline as one that is not. A determination that an engine, including the reference engine, does not meet the schema is published. The Taxonomy is versioned precisely so that primitives can evolve without breaking historical references, which means the record is append-only in substance: a past decision cannot be quietly unmade. Publication is what converts the override prohibition from a promise into something a third party can check after the fact, which is the only kind of neutrality worth claiming.

7. The handover that makes the separation structural (revised at v1.1; extended at v2)

A separation that depends on the founder choosing not to cross it is the separation that failed at Andersen and at the rating agencies. This Charter does not rely on restraint. It relies on devolution.

Arkaya is Custodian of the Custos Schema and Founding Assessor. Custodian is the persistent role. Founding Assessor is the time-bounded operational function. v1 of this Charter bounded the Founding Assessor period by a date trigger: Custos schema major-version 4 or 13 November 2026, whichever was earlier. v1.1 superseded the date trigger with a milestone-gated handover because the architecture has matured past the original date being institutionally credible. The handover occurs when all four conditions are met:

7.1 Condition (a): First pilot completed

Pilot Phase 5 Economic Measurement Protocol [Sprint Map v3.1 §8.1 cross-reference] Pilot Phase 5 completion report publishes within 90 days of pilot end. Pilot completion publication is the public-record evidence that the architecture has operated at scale. Without pilot completion, the assessor function has not been tested under live operation; devolution would be devolution to an untested architecture.

7.2 Condition (b): First independent assessor accredited

Per Conformance Methodology §11 laboratory accreditation; one non-Arkaya laboratory accredited to issue Level 1 conformance certifications. Independent accreditation is the public-record evidence that the assessor function can devolve from Arkaya rather than remain captured. Without independent accreditation, the assessor function has nowhere to devolve to.

7.3 Condition (c): First non-Arkaya engine implementation operational

Per Sprint Map v3.1 §7.3 Path B first-build milestone; one non-Arkaya Layer 0 engine operating against the Layer 1 schema at Level 1 conformance or above. Non-Arkaya implementation is the public-record evidence that the schema is not bound to Arkaya engineering. Without Path B first-build, the schema's universality is asserted by Arkaya rather than demonstrated by an independent counterparty.

7.4 Condition (d): First annual publication cycle completed

Per Section 6 publication discipline; first 12-month publication cycle completed including negative-finding publication and override publication where applicable. Annual publication cycle completion is the public-record evidence that the publication discipline holds under operational pressure. Without an annual cycle, the publication discipline is rhetoric rather than demonstrated operation.

7.5 Handover effect

When all four conditions are met, Custodian role transfers from Arkaya to the Custos Foundation; assessor function devolves to accredited laboratories. After that point the entity earning from assessment is structurally distinct from the entity holding the schema, and the separation no longer rests on Arkaya's good behaviour. It rests on the architecture.

Indicative timing. All four conditions being met is achievable in 2029-2030 at earliest given the milestone dependencies (pilot horizon 12-24 months; laboratory accreditation 12 months; Path B first-build 24-36 months; first annual publication cycle 12 months from architecture maturity). This is materially later than the original v1 Charter date of 13 November 2026, which v1.1 superseded for institutional-credibility reasons.

This is the answer to the only serious objection to the three-sentence principle, which is that a slogan is not a structural separation. Until handover, the override prohibition and the publication discipline carry the separation. After handover, the institutional split carries it. The Charter is the bridge between the two states; v1 named a date; v1.1 named the milestones that the date was a proxy for. The milestones are the substance.

7.6 The custodian company (added at v2)

A charter binds by adoption; a constitution binds by law. At v2 the custody this Charter governs acquires a corporate body built for no other purpose. Governance Evidence Taxonomy Limited, a company limited by guarantee in formation in England and Wales, is constituted as custodian of the Schema Assets. Its articles give this Charter constitutional effect: the company's objects are restricted to holding, maintaining and publishing the Schema Assets on the principles of this Charter; no commercial counterparty, and no person by virtue of any commercial function or engagement, may direct, veto or overrule any decision concerning the content of the Schema Assets; schema custody is not a revenue line and pay-to-include is prohibited;

income is applied solely to the objects and no distribution is made to members; and any amendment to those protections, or to this Charter as adopted, requires a special resolution. The company has no share capital and is not a subsidiary of any commercial entity in the Arkaya group.

Custody vests when the schema estate transfers to the custodian company on completion of the group formation sequence. Until vesting, Arkaya remains Custodian under this Charter, and the vesting itself is executed as a schema-governance act, published per Section 6.

The interval before handover concentrates more than one capacity in the founder: author of this Charter, director of the custodian company, and director of the commercial group. The Charter does not pretend otherwise. Until vesting, and from vesting until handover under Section 7.5, fiduciary duties are owed separately in each capacity, and a decision in which those capacities conflict, including any dealing between the custodian and the commercial group, is a schema-governance act published per Section 6. The transition is carried by disclosure and structure, not by the founder's restraint, for the reason this section exists: restraint is the mechanism that failed twice already.

Publication is the discipline; the constitution is the enforcement. Once the articles adopt this Charter, a breach of the custodian's restricted objects or protections is not a broken promise but an act outside the company's constitution, restrainable and actionable under company law. And because verification is exercised offline against the published record, a custodian that departed from this Charter could not quietly unmake what has already been published: the record outlives the conduct.

Appointment, removal and succession of the custodian's directors, membership of the company, and the resolution of disputed interpretation of this Charter are constitutional matters. They are carried in the custodian's articles, in draft with counsel and settled before custody vests, with protections consistent with this section.

On handover under Section 7.5, structural separation completes by special resolution of the custodian company as a transfer of the whole of the Schema Assets, or of control of the custodian company itself, to the Custos Foundation, constituted to steward them on the principles of this Charter with protections in its constitution at least equivalent to the custodian's articles. Separate title held by a single-purpose custodian makes that handover a change of control rather than an asset-by-asset transfer at accreted value: the estate moves once, into custody, and thereafter only its stewardship moves.

7.7 The group implementation licence (added at v2)

The commercial group builds on a schema it does not own, and a counterparty is entitled to ask what secures that position from both sides. The custodian company grants Arkaya Risk (Holdings) Limited a perpetual, irrevocable, non-exclusive, royalty-free licence to implement the Schema Assets across the group's engines and services. The licence is deliberately unprivileged: it conveys no schema authority, no right of amendment, no priority of access and no exclusivity, which the custodian's articles in any case prohibit. As regards schema content and access, the group stands on the same footing as any implementer under Sections 4 and 5.

What the licence secures is continuity, not control. No future act of the custodian, and no change in its stewardship, including handover under Section 7.5, can withdraw the group's right to implement the schema its products are built against. The licence deed executes alongside the vesting and binds

successors. The same instrument that protects the group protects every other implementer's confidence in the layer, because a custodian that could revoke one implementer's licence could revoke any.

8. The counterparty test

This section is the Charter demonstrating the standard it argues for. A neutrality claim that cannot be falsified is a declaration, not a claim. The following is the instrument a counterparty is invited to run against Arkaya. Each test maps to the precedent it is designed to defeat.

If any cell in the middle column comes back empty, the separation is asserted and not enforced, and the counterparty is right to discount it. The Charter is written so that the cells are not empty.

The instrument was announced at v1.1 and omitted from the issued document; v2 supplies it. The correction is recorded here rather than silently made, per Section 9.

The test a counterparty runs	Where the separation is enforced	The precedent it defeats
Can a paying counterparty cause a primitive to be added, removed, softened or rescored?	§3 protected class; §4 override prohibition; both given constitutional effect in the custodian's articles (§7.6)	Issuer-pays ratings conflict [2]
Does any revenue stream depend on a schema decision?	§5 revenue ringfence; custody is not a revenue line in the custodian's constitution	Audit opinion under consulting fee gravity [1]
Is there a fee for inclusion, a priority path or a commercial tier of the schema?	§5; pay-to-include prohibited in the same terms the precedent makes unavoidable	Issuer-pays ancillary services [2]
Is a schema decision adverse to Arkaya published on the same terms as one that is not?	§6 publication regardless of commercial consequence; append-only version record	Wirecard: certification passed, cash gap disclosed days later [3]
Does the reference engine hold privileged schema access?	§4; first-mover sequence advantage only; engine replaceable at the interface, not at the methodology	Andersen's rebuilt consulting arm [1]
Does the group's own licence privilege it over other implementers?	§7.7; non-exclusive by constitutional requirement; continuity, not control	Vendor capture of an open reference
Does the separation rest on the founder's restraint?	§7 milestone-gated devolution; §7.6 single-purpose custodian, restricted objects, no member distribution	Andersen and the rating agencies [1][2]
Could the Charter be quietly weakened?	§9 amendment as a published schema-governance act; special resolution under the custodian's articles	Codification that leaked [1] [3]

9. Standing, amendment and supersession

This Charter supersedes the bare three-sentence statement wherever that statement appears in the repositioning material; the principle is retained verbatim and this instrument is the enforcement behind it. It is a dependency for arkaya-brand-voice, arkaya-document-architecture and the schema-neutrality discipline, and it is referenced, not paraphrased, by each.

Amendment is itself a schema-governance act and is subject to Section 6. A change to this Charter is published on the public version record with the reason stated, on whole-integer versioning with minor decimal revisions for non-load-bearing updates, with no silent revision. The first issue is v1 (19 May 2026); v1.1 (28 May 2026) updated §7 from date-triggered to milestone-gated handover; v2 (29 July 2026) named the custodian company, recorded the group implementation licence, supplied the Section 8 instrument and adopted the four-layer economic model numbering; the current issue is v3 (29 July 2026), extending §7.6 with the transition-conflict discipline, the enforcement statement and the constitutional cross-reference for custodian governance mechanics. Each transition publishes per §6 publication discipline. A Charter that could be quietly weakened would defeat its own purpose, so it is governed by the discipline it imposes.

Resilience Capital is built. Not asserted.

References

Each reference carries substantive content supporting the argument. The reference block evidences the authenticate-and-verify approach the architecture proposes. Sources verified against primary records on 19 May 2026 and re-affirmed at v2; references [1] to [4] unchanged from v1.1; the Arkaya internal anchor reference is updated to reflect the custodian company and the group formation sequence.

[1] Auditor independence, codified and still leaking.

Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Title II, Section 201, makes it unlawful for a registered public accounting firm to provide enumerated non-audit services to an audit client. The Act was signed on 30 July 2002 after the Enron collapse and the dissolution of Arthur Andersen. The cautionary detail for this Charter is that Andersen had rebuilt a consulting arm before the rule landed, and the academic record describes the audit-consulting ties as inexorable: the conflict was legislated against and still recurred. Separation codified is not separation achieved. Used here as the model adopted at its strongest reading and as the failure this Charter is engineered against.

[2] Issuer-pays and ancillary services, the closer precedent.

The Financial Crisis Inquiry Commission and the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations identified the issuer-pays compensation model of the principal rating agencies as a fundamental conflict, most salient in complex structured products, with ancillary services sold to the rated entity as an aggravating factor. Dodd-Frank (2010), Sections 932, 936 and 938, required internal controls and a separation of ratings analysis from sales; the Franken random-assignment remedy that would have removed the issuer-pays conflict at its root was proposed and not implemented. The SEC is statutorily barred from regulating the substance of a rating, only its structure. The structural lesson is the design principle of Sections 4 to 6.

[3] Wirecard, separation under fee gravity.

Wirecard AG filed for insolvency at the Munich Local Court on 25 June 2020. A cash gap of roughly €1.9bn was disclosed days after the company had passed conventional governance certifications and Big Four audit sign-off. Direct evidence that an independence regime written into statute does not, by itself, make the verification reliable at the moment it is tested. Cross-referenced to the Arkaya Taxonomy v6 reference block, re-verified at v6 against primary records.

[4] The posture is achievable, not just defensible.

Factor Analysis of Information Risk (FAIR), codified by The Open Group as the O-RT and O-RA standards, decomposes risk into measurable primitives and became an industry reference without becoming a rating agency. The ORX operational-risk loss consortium (founded 2002) and the Basel operational-risk event taxonomy show open, consensus-based evidence taxonomies achieving industry and regulatory recognition without issuing a score. These are the constructive precedents the open-schema posture follows, and they refute the assumption that a reference layer must capitalise its neutrality to survive.

[5] Arkaya internal anchors (updated at v2).

Governance Evidence Taxonomy v6 (16 May 2026): the three disciplinary rules and the five schema properties this Charter pairs with an institutional discipline. The Third Domain of Risk v3 (May 2026): the closed-inputs, open-output-schema, customer-permissioned, multi-vendor-at-Layer-0 IP posture this Charter operates within. Sprint Map v3.1 (28 May 2026) §8.1: the four milestone conditions that operationalise the §7 devolution. Added at v2: AKR GET Ltd Articles v1 (17 July 2026, in draft with counsel): the constitutional instrument giving this Charter effect in the custodian company's objects, asset protections and amendment locks. AKR Formation Execution Sequence v3 (29 July 2026): the vesting sequence on which custody transfers. Layer references throughout take the four-layer economic model numbering ratified 10 July 2026: engines at Layer 0, schema at Layer 1, allocators at Layer 2.

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